

Knowledge Organiser: Jewellery Designers: Year 4

Star Vocabulary

Early civilisations	The first civilisations which emerged from 3300 BC which were had advanced intellect and culture.
Gemstones	A precious or semi-precious stone, cut and polished for jewellery.
Abstract patterns	Patterns which don't represent an accurate vision of reality.
Tiffany & Co	An American luxury jewellery shop opened in Art Nouveau era
Bulgari jewellery	A luxury brand from Italy founded in 1884.
Van Cleef and Arpels	A luxury French jewellery brand founded in 1896.
Pendant	A piece of jewellery that hangs from a chain worn around the neck.
Brooch	An ornament fastened to clothing with a pin or clasp.

Plant Art



- People have worn jewellery for thousands of years.
- They wear it for many reasons – for fashion, to show power and wealth, to tell the time, to represent your religion.
- Examples of jewellery include earrings, bracelets, brooches, rings, toe ring, necklaces, cuff links, anklets and head bands.
- Early jewellery was made from shells, bones, teeth and berries. Greeks made jewellery out of stone and clay. In the Bronze Age we began to make it out of gold, silver, lead and bronze and precious gems were added.

Chinese Art

Tiffany pendant



Bulgari watch



Famous Jewellery

Van Cleef & Arpels Crown

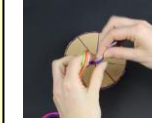


Van Cleef Dragonfly brooch

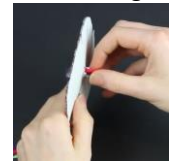


Skills Needed to Make a Woven Bracelet

1. Knot tying



2. Threading



3. Separating the pieces of thread



4. Weaving the pieces by rotating the circle



5. The weave will form a bracelet



History of Jewellery timeline

