

Year 4 Living Things & Habitats Knowledge Organiser



Star Vocabulary

Organisms	Means 'living things'.
Life Processes	The things living things do to stay alive.
Respiration	A process where plants and animals use oxygen gas from the air to help turn.
Sensitivity	The way living things react to changes in their environment.
Reproduction	The process through which young are produced.

Identify that animals need the right types and amount of nutrition.

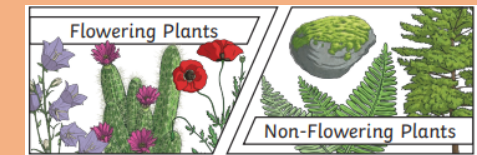
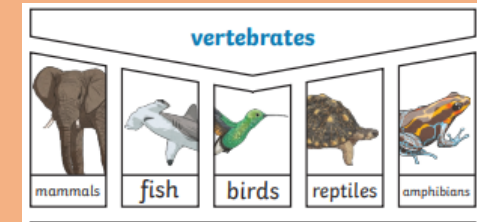
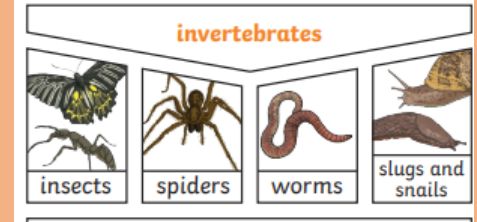
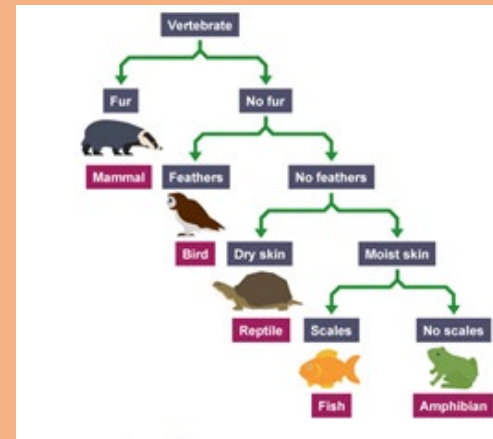
Recognise that living things can be grouped and classified in a variety of ways and how the environment can affect this.

Living things can be grouped (classified) in different ways according to their features.

Classification keys can be used to identify and name living things. Living things live in a habitat which provides an environment to which they are suited.

These environments may change naturally.

Humans also cause the environment to change.



Progression

Animals live in different places.

Identify living, non-living and never lived. Explore a range of habitats and how animals are adapted to their environment.

Describe the differences in the life cycles of a mammal, an amphibian, an insect and a bird.

Identify and name common plants and animals.

Identify that animals, including humans, need the right types and amount of nutrition and can't make their own food.

Describe the life process of reproduction in some plants and animals.