



# Year 4 Summer 1 Term Knowledge Organiser



## What do sacred texts within Hinduism say about God?

### Key Facts

Hindus conceive of God (Brahman) as the ultimate foundation of and ever-present reality within the universe.

For Hindus, Brahman is known through Brahma, Vishnu and Shiva (The Trimurti).

The symbols associated with Hindu deities point to different attributes of God.

For many Hindus, holy texts are the most important source of authority. There are many holy books, called **Shastras**. The main texts are split into two categories, the **Shruti** texts and the **Smriti** texts..

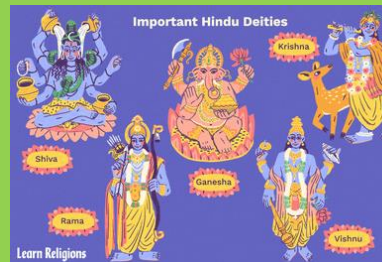
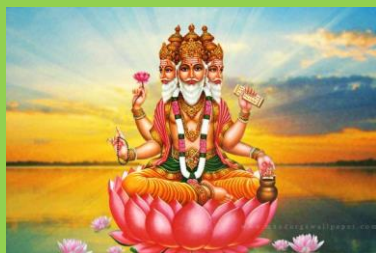
What I should know already...

What I will learn in the future...

What role do sacred scriptures play within religious traditions?

What place do festivals, worship and celebrations have within Hinduism?

Star Vocabulary	
Hindu	A follower of Hinduism
Sanskrit	An ancient language of India, in which Hindu scriptures are written.
Shastras	Holy books
Shruti and Smriti texts	The oldest Hindu texts
Rishis	A Hindu saint
Reincarnation	The rebirth of a soul into another body.
Moksha	The liberation from the endless cycle of birth, death and rebirth



### Attainment skills

Use the correct terms to describe religious practices

Describe how faith and belief shape identity and belonging

Describe how religious commitment affects moral decisions

Identify the links between beliefs and the lives of people of faith it.

Articulate how religious ideas and beliefs are expressed in society.

Raise and discuss how religions engage with the big questions in our lives