Alec Reed Academy: Pupil Premium Strategy Statement

This statement details our school's use of pupil premium (and recovery premium for the 2022 to 2023 academic year) funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils.

It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the effect that last year's spending of pupil premium had within our school.

School overview

Detail	Data
School name	Alec Reed Academy
Number of pupils in school	1653
Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils	35.51%
Academic year/years that our current pupil premium	2022/2023
strategy plan covers (3 year plans are recommended)	to 2025/2026
Date this statement was published	October 2022
Date on which it will be reviewed	July 2023
Statement authorised by	Phil Cosby
	Principal / CEO
Pupil premium lead	Anne Franklin (Primary)
	Ann Colgan (Secondary)
Governor / Trustee lead	Louise Prince

Funding overview

Detail	Amount
Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year Primary Phase	£306,085
Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year Secondary Phase	£380,210
Recovery premium funding allocation this academic year Primary Phase	£32,335
Recovery premium funding allocation this academic year Secondary Phase	£107,778
Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years (enter £0 if not applicable)	£O
Total budget for this academic year	£826,408

Part A: Pupil premium strategy plan

Statement of intent

At Alec Reed Academy our intention is that all pupils, irrespective of their socioeconomic background or the challenges they face, make good progress and achieve high attainment across the curriculum. We recognise that with an IDACI score of 6645/32844, a multiple deprivation decile of 3 and an income score of 0.194 we need to have maximising the impact of our Pupil Premium money at the forefront of our planning.

The focus of our pupil premium strategy is to support disadvantaged pupils whose lives are often more complex and challenging than those of their peers especially the most vulnerable pupils, such as those who have a social worker and young carers. The aim is to level the playing field by providing opportunities that help close the gaps in learning that may have developed, especially during Covid. At the heart of this work is a drive to provide excellent support staff that can support these pupils both educationally and emotionally so that their time in school can be as impactful as possible.

Although specifically focused on supporting our disadvantaged learners the highquality teaching that is at the heart of our approach, will also benefit the nondisadvantaged pupils in our school. The strategy set out below is integral to wider school plans for education recovery,

Our approach will be responsive to common challenges and individual needs, rooted in robust diagnostic assessment, not assumptions about the impact of disadvantage. The approaches we have adopted complement each other to help pupils excel. To ensure they are effective we will:

- ensure disadvantaged pupils are challenged in the work that they're set
- use in-house data to diagnose the current gaps, issues and barriers for learning
- act early to intervene at the point need is identified
- adopt a whole school approach in which all staff take responsibility for disadvantaged pupils' outcomes and raise expectations of what they can achieve
- ensure disadvantaged pupils have access to interventions and enrichment activities and enhance their cultural capital and narrow the attainment gap

Challenges

This details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.

Challenge	Detail of challenge
1	Reading Age and Comprehension
	Data, assessments and in class observations highlight a significant con- cern related to the number of pupils that have a reading age two or more years below their chronological age. This barrier to learning is sig- nificantly higher within the most disadvantaged pupils.
	A high Literacy rate is a strong predictor of future success
2	Attendance
	Our attendance data shows that through the period of Covid the average attendance dropped by 3%. This figure is greater for disadvantaged pupils at 5%. The comparison between disadvantaged and non disadvantaged is of even greater concern when you study persistent absence. This absenteeism is negatively impacting disadvantaged pupils' progress.
3	Progress at and through the Key Stages
	Current data for year groups show that there are gaps between the ex- pected outcomes for the disadvantaged and non-disadvantaged pupils. This has been an issue for a number of years but assessments, obser- vations and discussions with pupils and families suggest that these gaps remain prominent and more needs to be done to reduce them.
4	Pupil Well Being
	Concerns related to pupil wellbeing have increased since the pandemic as have teacher referrals to our support teams. Whilst there is a clear correlation to concerns such as lost learning and exams/future pro- spects. It is also evident from assessments and discussions that many pupils and their families are going through emotional turmoil and cases of anxiety, depression (diagnosed by medical professionals) and low self-esteem are markedly increased. These concerns have only grown over recent months and the increase in the cost of living.
5	Enhancing out of school hours education/study
	Investigations have shown that there is a causal link between disadvan- taged underachievement and a lack of resources and skills to work suc- cessfully outside of normal school hours.
6	Close the gaps in lost learning
	Observations suggest many lower attaining disadvantaged pupils lack metacognitive / self-regulation strategies when faced with challenging tasks, notably in their monitoring and evaluation of their answers. This is indicated across the curriculum, but particularly in maths and science.

Intended outcomes

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for **by the end of our current strategy plan**, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

Intended outcome	Success criteria				
Reading Age	Reduce the gaps in reading ages, especially for the disadvantaged.				
and Compre- hension	Fewer disadvantaged pupils have a gap of more than two years be- tween their reading and chronological age.				
	Library is being used by more	disadvanta	aged pupils	S.	
	Accelerated Reader Reading s tor programme and demonstra				in the tu-
	Reading comprehension tests skills among disadvantaged pu scores of disadvantaged pupils	upils and a	smaller di	sparity be	tween the
	Teachers recognise improvem book scrutiny.	ent throug	h engager	nent in les	ssons and
Attendance	Gaps between disadvantaged	and non-d	isadvanta	ged are cl	osed.
	Attendance is more in line with	national a	averages		
	The overall absence rate for all pupils being no more than 96%, and the attendance gap between disadvantaged pupils and their non-dis- advantaged peers being reduced by 1%.				
	Attainment gaps between disadvantaged and non-disadvantaged are closed.				
	The difference in outcomes within all key measures is narrowed.				
		2019	2020	2021	2022
Progress at		PP Gap	PP Gap	PP Gap	PP Gap
and through the Key	Attainment 8	-1.8	-2.71	-0.92	
Stages	Progress 8	-0.61	-0.23	-0.54	
	Five or more Grade 4 or better including English and Maths.	8.14	-2.91	-6.44	
	Five or more Grade 5 or better including English and Maths.	1.83	-3.12	-1.27	
Pupil Well Be- ing	Pupil well-being and mental health is improved Fewer cases of emotional turmoil, anxiety and depression being iden- tified.				

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Activity in this academic year

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium (and recovery premium funding) **this academic year** to address the challenges listed above.

Teaching (for example, CPD, recruitment and retention)

Budgeted cost: £446,948

Activity	Brief summary of strategy	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Senior members of staff with allotted time to oversee provisions and interventions in place across each phase.	Regular student progress meet- ings with follow up actions to track the progress of disadvan- taged students compared with all. Raised awareness of disadvan- taged students with teaching staff. Particular strategies and inter- ventions to raise achievement of disadvantaged groups.	Regular, testing and appropriate assessment can provide reliable insights into the specific strengths and weaknesses of each pupil to help ensure they receive the correct additional support through interventions or teacher instruction: <u>Standardised tests Assessing and Monitoring Pupil Progress </u> <u>Education Endowment Foundation </u> <u>EEF</u>	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6
Access to a Speech and language thera- pist.	Students receive specialist sup- port to increase the speed of travel towards written and spo- ken fluency in English.	Acquiring disciplinary literacy is key for students as they learn new, more complex concepts in each subject: <u>Improving Literacy in Secondary</u> <u>Schools</u>	1, 4,
Access to a full time, on site, counsellor.	Pupils are supported with emo- tional and mental health issues that create barriers to their learning and personal develop- ment.	EEF suggests that a focus on well- being at Limpsfield School had a di- rect affect on achievement, commu- nication and independence.	4
Full time SaFE Work- ers employed across the Primary and Sec- ondary Phases	Students have direct access to support ensuring they are able to function well and learn effec- tively. Parental contact is easier to maintain and relationships built with PP families.	Reading comprehension, vocabu- lary and other literacy skills are heavily linked with attainment in maths and English: word-gap.pdf (oup.com.cn)	2, 4
Additional Dedicated Teaching Assistants employed to ensure that PP students with SEND are able to fully access and engage with in class learning	Improved levels of attainment for PP students with SEND. Vulnerable learners that present with complex barriers to learn- ing are supported. Increased confidence in the classroom. Support is valued and well re- ceived.	There is evidence to suggest that CBT can have a high impact on risk behaviours and behavioural difficul- ties: <u>Cognitive Behavioural Therapy -</u> <u>Youth Endowment Fund</u> EIF's report on adolescent mental health found good evidence that CBT interventions support young people's social and emotional skills and can reduce symptoms of anxi- ety and depression: <u>Adolescent mental health: A sys- tematic review on the effectiveness</u>	1, 3, 4, 6

		of school-based interventions [Early Intervention Foundation (eif.org.uk)	
A focus on CPD to fur- ther enhance the qual- ity of teaching across the Academy. The quality of teaching has the biggest impact on the attainment of dis- advantaged students.	Clear leadership for the quality of teaching and learning and well managed strategies to track the performance of teach- ing staff and ensure they have the tools to be successful in the classroom. Improve intervention strategies specifically targeted to raise the attainment of disadvantaged students	Teaching metacognitive strategies to pupils can be an inexpensive method to help pupils become more independent learners. There is par- ticularly strong evidence that it can have a positive impact on attain- ment: <u>Metacognition and self-regulation </u> <u>Toolkit Strand Education Endow- ment Foundation EEF</u>	1, 3, 5, 6

Targeted academic support (for example, tutoring, one-to-one support structured interventions)

Budgeted cost: £150,566

Activity		Evidence that supports this approach	Challeng e number(s) addresse d
	Forest school is a learner centred and led approach to education which suits students who find a tra- ditional curriculum difficult to ac- cess. Students have the opportunity to contextualise their learning in con- texts outside of the classroom, be exposed to experiences that show them how to lead a healthier life- style. Students have the opportunity to gain confidence and improve their self-esteem.	Evaluative research has shown that Forest Schools make a differ- ence in the following ways: Confidence: children had the free- dom, time and space to learn and demonstrate independence Social skills: children gained in- creased awareness of the conse- quences of their actions on peers through team activities such as sharing tools and participating in play Communication: language devel- opment was prompted by the chil- dren's sensory experiences Motivation: the woodland tended to fascinate the children and they developed a keenness to partici- pate and the ability to concentrate over longer periods of time Physical skills: these improve- ments were characterised by the development of physical stamina and gross and fine motor skills Knowledge and understand- ing: the children developed an in- terest in the natural surroundings and respect for the environment.	3, 4, 5, 6
Intervention programs to provide tailored sup- port for students falling	Accelerated Reading programme across Years 3 – 8.	Reading comprehension strate- gies can have a positive impact on pupils' ability to understand a	1, 3, 6

below expected attain- ment in literacy and numeracy.	Investment in upgrading library and its resources. Booster sessions in literacy for KS1/KS2/KS3 students including Phonics Form time reading programme in secondary which includes key word and subject specific knowledge (cultural capital). TA tutoring students not making expected progress.	text, and this is particularly the case when interventions are de- livered over a shorter timespan: <u>Reading comprehension strate- gies Toolkit Strand Education</u> <u>Endowment Foundation EEF</u>	
Programme of addi- tional booster classes and opportunities such as events, trips, visits and enrichment activi- ties (including those for MABLE) run out- side the normal school timetable. Opportuni- ties are targeted at un- derachieving PP stu- dents to improve at- tainment and aspira- tion towards target grades as well as en- hancing pupils cultural capital	Opportunities for students outside of the classroom increased. After school homework club availa- ble. Revision room available for exam groups that find it challenging to work at home. Open until 6.00pm on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thurs- day. Additional classes and revision ses- sions are provided at weekends and in selected school holidays. Targeted pre-school literacy inter- vention for disadvantaged children and those with reading ages two years below their chronological age (includes breakfast). Gaps in cultural capital knowledge and understanding are identified and trips and visits used to fill them.	The Sutton Trust identify the importance of an effective pro- gramme of diverse extra curricular activities that motivate and inspire PP students. It is especially important were the activities provide the student with experiences that they would not normally have. The level of support provided in these programmes would also support the completion of homework for PP pupils, which in turn would decrease the number of behaviour points received for homework related issues. <u>EEF - Homework (High Impact/Low Cost</u>	1, 2, 3, 4, 5,6
Mentoring of vulnera- ble students including learning mentors, at- tendance welfare, edu- cational psychologist and peer mentors.	Student's well-being, academic pro- gress, attendance and stress man- agement is improved impacting pos- itively on student progress. Increased numbers of PP students being mentored and trained as men- tors.	Mentoring has a moderate impact according to the Sutton Trust. It helps to develop relationships and skill and inspires students to achieve the very best they are ca- pable of. It can be effective for both the mentor and mentee and support mental well being.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5,6
Taught day extended for Year 11 to provide additional hour of sci- ence on Tuesday, Maths on Wednes- day and English on Friday.	Additional classroom based catch up time.	QualityTeaching has the highest impact on driving standards. This is best delivered by the member of staff that has a clear understanding of the needs of the children.	3, 5, 6
Online tutoring used to provide focussed sup- port for Post 16 pupils that have not yet achieved English or Maths at Grade 4.	To move pupils to Grade 4 or higher in English and Maths which in turn improves life chances and employa- bility.	Tuition targeted at specific needs and knowledge gaps can be an effective method to sup- port low attaining pupils or those falling behind, both one-to-one: <u>One to one tuition EEF (educa- tionendowmentfounda- tion.org.uk)</u> And in small groups: <u>Small group tuition Toolkit</u> <u>Strand Education Endowment Foundation EEF</u>	3, 5, 6

Provide children in KS3 with access to af- ter school online tutor- ing between 3.00 and 4.00pm.	Close gaps in lost learning in the core subjects of English, Maths and Science .	EEF, Rising Stars and 'Closing the Reading Gap' have all high- lighted the need for literacy and numeracy to be addressed. 1 in 4 PP students are below ex- pected levels nationally with stu- dents retaining 1.4 million extra words in their vocabulary if stu- dents read daily.	3, 5, 6
Academic Mentors ap- pointed to supplement learning across the core subjects and help manage and organise the tutoring pro- gramme.	Additional support within the class- room and as pull-out groups of 3-1. Strengthen learning opportunities during the school day.	EEF says that school gaps should not be the focus nor inter- nal classes. The focus should be on targeted academic support and strategies as this is the most beneficial.	3, 5, 6

Wider strategies (for example, related to attendance, behaviour, wellbeing)

Budgeted cost: £77,267

Activity		Evidence that supports this approach	Challeng e number(s) addresse d
Rewards and inter- vention for attend- ance. Praise pro- gramme, first day ab- sence calls, high pri- ority in all Line Man- agement meetings.	Refine working procedures to enable system to work more efficiently and have a greater impact on pupils most at risk.	Research into intrinsic and ex- trinsic motivation reflects that "promotion-focussed individuals not only experience higher inter- est in a boring tasks but also make the task more interest- ing."(Smith et al., 2009)	2, 4, 5, 6
Increased use of so- cial media to com- municate 'good news'. MABLE (in- cluding MABLE PP) Parent Meeting. Par- ents Evenings. Par- ent Focus Groups. Parent Social Events. Class- Charts, Appllica, School Cloud	The learning of PP students is well- supported by their parents/carers. Parent/Carers have positive relation- ships with the Academy.	Parental engagement has a large and positive impact on chil- dren's learning. It is therefore a priority to identify interventions that are effective in supporting parental involvement, particularly those parents who are either not significantly involved in their chil- dren's education or who are not involved at all. DfE Review of best practice in parental engagement	1, 2, 3, 4, 5,6
Provide PP students who need it with basic resources and equipment. Revision resources available: flashcards; highlight- ers; printed re- sources; exam	Students have the essential uniform and equipment needed to participate in the Academy community and to learn effectively. Resources are pro- vided to support home learning.	If disadvantaged students are not provided with the equipment and resources to enable them to ac- cess the curriculum at the same pace as their peers then the gap between outcomes is likely to	1, 3, 4, 6

	grow. <u>SEN support: A rapid evi-</u> dence assessment	
Students who are not secondary ready catch up quickly. Barriers to learning quickly identified and moni- tored and interventions are put in place.	The DfE guidance has been in- formed by engagement with schools that have significantly reduced persistent absence lev- els. <u>Improving School Attend-</u> <u>ance</u>	1, 2, 3,
PP pupils are guaranteed access to lessons that widen their knowledge and understanding of key PSHCE is- sues, so they are fully prepared for adult life.	The EEF case study at Dixon Kings Academy highlights the need to put the focus on the spe- cific gap and not on the whole co- hort. The targeted approach fo- cuses on what specific academic support is needed to close gaps most effectively.	2, 4, 5, 6
Students have the opportunity to contextualise their learning in the working world and start making future plans. Connexions met with all PP Year 11 pupils regularly and a spe- cific programme put in place for those at risk of NEET.	In the case of Limpsfield School the focus on the world of work had a direct impact as it links to the third tier of the EEF recom- mended approach of wider strat- egies that can make a difference to motivation and attitudes to learning. <u>Careers Strategy: making the</u> most of everyone's skills and tal- ents	3, 4, 5,6
Students are the given the opportunity to learn an instrument and deepen their understanding of music. Wider impact of music learning on numeracy skills.	There's no doubt that a progres- sive and sustained music curricu- lum is a vital component of the in- clusion mix. Creative and musi- cal pastimes are core to how young people spend their time, interact with others, and have fun. <u>Youth Music: The Sound of</u> <u>the Next Generation</u>	4, 5
	ready catch up quickly. Barriers to learning quickly identified and moni- tored and interventions are put in place. PP pupils are guaranteed access to lessons that widen their knowledge and understanding of key PSHCE is- sues, so they are fully prepared for adult life. Students have the opportunity to contextualise their learning in the working world and start making future plans. Connexions met with all PP Year 11 pupils regularly and a spe- cific programme put in place for those at risk of NEET. Students are the given the opportunity to learn an instrument and deepen their understanding of music. Wider impact of music learning on numeracy	Students who are not secondary ready catch up quickly. Barriers to learning quickly identified and moni- tored and interventions are put in place. The DFE guidance has been in- formed by engagement with schools that have significantly reduced persistent absence lev- els. Improving School Attend- ance PP pupils are guaranteed access to lessons that widen their knowledge and understanding of key PSHCE is- sues, so they are fully prepared for adult life. The EEF case study at Dixon Kings Academy highlights the need to put the focus on the spe- cific gap and not on the whole co- hort. The targeted approach fo- cuses on what specific academic support is needed to close gaps most effectively. Students have the opportunity to contextualise their learning in the working world and start making future plans. Connexions met with all PP ver 11 pupils regularly and a spe- cific programme put in place for those at risk of NEET. In the case of Limpsfield School the focus on the world of work had a direct impact as it links to the third tier of the EEF recom- meded approach of wider strat- egies that can make a difference to motivation and attitudes to learning. Careers Strategy: making the most of everyone's skills and tal- ents Students are the given the opportunity to learn an instrument and deepen their understanding of music. Wider impact of music learning on numeracy skills. There's no doubt that a progres- sive and sustained music curricu- lum is a vital component of the in- interact with others, and have fun. 'Youth Music: The Sound of

Total budgeted cost: £674,780

Part B: Review of outcomes in the previous academic year

Pupil premium strategy outcomes

This details the impact that our pupil premium activity had on pupils in the 2021 to 2022 academic year.

Examination outcomes for 2022 suggest that the performance of disadvantaged pupils has improved. However, the gap between the performance Pupil Premium and Non Pupil Premium remains constant as performance of the Non Pupil Premium has also improved in all phase across this period. In KS4 we believe that the additional hour of teaching in English, Maths and Science has contributed to this success.

It is clear that through the period of lockdown the most disadvantaged pupils suffered the greatest level of impact. This could be directly attributed to the level of resources that could be accessed to support home learning. In many cases they also lacked the independent skills to complete the work that was set and struggled to find access to support to overcome barriers in there learning. As a result they found ot more challenging to access the teaching and targeted interventions that took place at these times. To try and reduce the impact we maintained a high-quality curriculum and to provide laptops and resources to support home learning including those provided by Oak National Academy. We are now focussing our support on these pupils through tutoring programmes and extended learning opportunities within school.

In line with national data there was a drop in our attendance figures during Covid this is particularly prevalent in the disadvantaged.,. We are working hard to close this gap and have invested in a range of resources to support this initiative. It is though clear that we have a significant number of persistent absentees and work needs to be done to change the hearts and minds of parents and pupils that feel it is now acceptable to take time off school.

We were generally pleased with the levels of resilience shown by our older year group through the Covid years. There is though unfortunately evidence that pupil behaviour, wellbeing and mental health were detrimentally impacted. As new year groups have entered the secondary phase in Year 7 there has been a general feeling that theuy display lower levels of maturity and in reception and nursey there are issue related to social development which reflects the reduced 'play' they will have experienced since birth. These factors have led us to focus more on how pupils transition into different phases is managed.

During the last academic year funding was spent in the following areas;

Wellbeing support was provided for all pupils, and targeted interventions put in place as required.

PP students were given laptops to support home learning.

Pupils across the secondary phase were given the opportunity to participate in tutoring programmes.

PP pupils were provided with additional learning resources at KS4 and KS5 to including study guides and materials to support revision and examination preparation.

On-line learning was enhanced to ensure that Microsoft TEAMS was available to all students to facilitate remote learning.

Over Staffing in the core subjects of English, Maths and Science to maintain standards of teaching and learning during staff absence.

The programme of curriculum enrichment on Drop Down Days was extended to provide opportunities for key aspects of the wider curriculum to be covered in greater depth.

Student voice was enhanced to provide effective opportunities to understand the views and needs of our pupils.

Our rewards systems were extended to improve student well being.

Student leadership was reinvigorated to provide clearer roles and greater value.

Externally provided programmes

Programme	Provider
On-line tutoring	Various Tutor Providers
Mentoring	Teach First
Study Skills Programme	Elevate Education
Careers advice	Connexions
Online resources	For example - Oak National Academy